ANNUAL REPORT 1999

# Onvestment Dar





اول شرکه تعویل واستثمار اسلامیه تحدید علی شد.....ارد ISO 9001

# In The Name Of Allah,

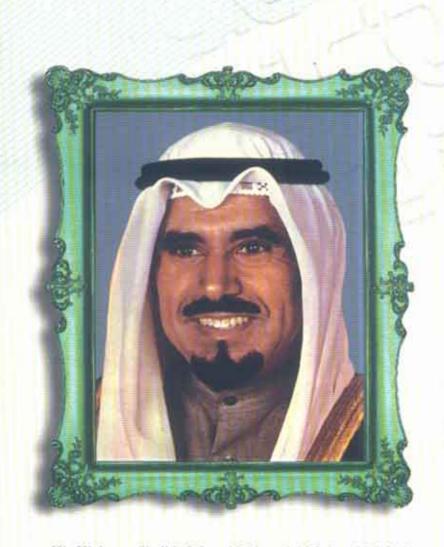
The Most Gracious, The Most Merciful

But Allah hath
permitted trade and
forbidden usury

The Holy Qor'an Al-Bakara (275) (Text Translation & Commentary)



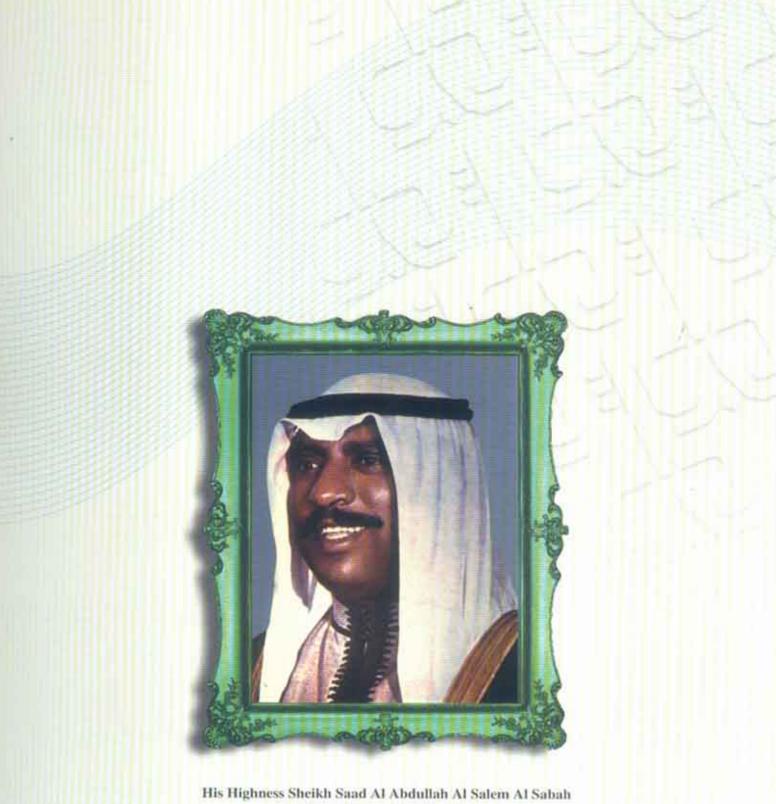
Man is our primary concern and the main pillar that supports our present and future success. Civilized nations are measured by the creative accomplishments of their people, and thus man (customer, employer and investor) is the center of our concern and the assurance of our continuity and existence and above all our distinction and success.



His Highness Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmed Al Jaber Al Sabah Amir of the State of Kuwait



Quality is the motto of our organization. Making customers happy has been our ultimate goal since inception. Our acquisition of the ISO 9001 certificate, as the first Islamic finance and investment company to be awarded such an outstanding international rating, proves that quality is our way of life in conjunction with the principles of the generous Islamic Sharin.



Crown Prince and Prime Minister



The pearls or La'ali of our company are many, but the most noble of all are the ones covered by silk. The Investment Dar stepped into a new era by offering our valued lady customers the same modern services in conformity with Islamic rules. For this we have recruited some highly skilled and efficient women work force.

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# Innovation has been a part of our philosophy and our unique schemes and services are personalized, simple and up to date. Our company has introduced several Investment funds, which satisfies the needs of our investors. We are proud to offer you services that can be compared to none and therefore can compared to rare and precious stone-priceless and unique.

The "Durar" investment fund introduced by the company to its investors marked the beginning of a whole new approach towards our workings.

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Naser Mohammad Al-Sayer Chairman



Adnan Mohammad Al-Wazzan Vice Chairman



Adnan Abdul Qadir Al-Musallem Managing Director



Ali Mohammad Al-Ghanim Board Member



Adel Mohammad Behbehani Board Member



Omar S. Al-Kazi Board Member



Rezam Mohammad Al-Roumi Board Member



Our ambitions are limitless and our ideas there for implementing and translating into success. We hope to continually repeat our success be it in our own country or in our neighboring countries. Our vision is long-term and we have focused our efforts on the fairly large Islamic market. This journey has already been flagged off to a resounding success in establishing and managing companies exchanging expertise. We humbly hope to follow the route that our fore-fathers Muslim paved for us and we will follow in their footsteps to achieve achieve-Offering Islamic financial investment with quality and sincerity.

# SHARIA SUPERVISORY BOARD



Sheikh Ahmad Bazie Al-Yaseen - Chairman



Sheikh Dr. Khaled Al-Mathkour



Sheikh Dr. Ajeel J. Al-Nashmi



Sheikh Dr. Mohammad Fawzi Faidullah



Our deep belief in the continuous development and modernization of operations distinguishes our service and our organization others harmony and the spirit of work culture that within our organization are the main reasons behind the development and modernization of our services. We introduced the "Durar" investment fund, and kick started the real estate financing service and commercial schemes which are especially tailored to the needs of suppliers and merchants. For us, the pace of innovation doesn't stop here but continues forever

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS' MESSAGE

Praised be the Lord, And peace be upon His Prophet and Prophet's relatives and companions

# Dear Shareholders,

It is our pleasure and privilege to meet the General Assembly as we step into the threshold of the twenty first century. Your company, thanks to God, has emerged successful through a yet another year of trials and challenges. Our success has been from two levels - one as an organization and other in view of our national economy.

Our national economy during the year 1999 was fraught with real challenges. These were a result of two key issues. Firstly, the country witnessed a record drop in the price of oil, which, is a major source of income for the country. Secondly, our national economy is interconnected to several other world economies such as South East Asia and Japan. These countries too underwent continuous and turbulent economic transitions.

On an internal level, the company attributes its success to effective organizational restructuring.

# Dear Shareholders.

Your company has emerged with pride and confidence despite all the external and internal pitfalls, to firmly establish its solid credentials that were spelt out more than four years ago. The company today is a major landmark in the finance and investment market. This, in conformance to the original Islamic methods that it chartered for itself since its inception.

The company has planned its strategy for the next five years. During 1999, the company focused on developing and modernizing its infrastructure, restructuring and consolidating the technical and overall management of its operations and services. These steps were taken in order to ensure that the modernization of its work systems, instruments and methods are in accordance to the latest scientific techniques and that its technological programs are in par with contemporary management concepts.

The company's distinct approach and management style was responsible for it achieving the coveted ISO 9001 certificate thus conferring it an unique distinction of being the first Islamic finance and investment company to obtain the ISO certification. Additionally, the company was awarded an advanced credit rating by one of the most well known international credit institutions - Capital Intelligence. This rating is usually only granted to banks.

Besides these honors, the company listed its shares at the Kuwait Stock Exchange in April 1999. Here, the company shares managed to retain fairly

good price stability despite the fluctuations in all major indicators, as witnessed in the Kuwait Exchange Market. This is a reinforcement of the strength and stability of the company, its management and financial strength in addition to reiterating the trust placed by the investors and shareholders regarding the future of the company's activities.

# Dear Shareholders,

The company has adopted a management philosophy, which emerged from its long term strategic vision. This philosophy lays emphasis on two key issues - the individual and information technology. Care was taken not only in choosing the most advanced automated programs, techniques and instruments but a even greater stress was laid on choosing skilled people.

In attracting and recruiting manpower of extremely high caliber, your company also ensured that it provided its people with the required administrative and technical skills in order to enable them to excel in their respective fields so that they share the growth and prosperity of the company.

# Dear Shareholders,

Despite the general economic conditions in the country during 1999, and the stiff competition faced by the company in the field of finance and financial investments, particularly the Islamic finance market, the company retained its competitiveness in addition to posting an impressive financial results during the course of 1998.

The financial indicators illustrated in this report show, thanks to God, a positive trend as compared to the year 1998. The net profits of the company stood at KD 3.39 million with a marked increase of 10.24% over 1998. Shareholders' equity has increased by 3% over 1998 to reach KD 34.07 million by the end of 1999, and the company's assets have grown by 38.8% from 1998 to 1999 to reach KD 123.49 million. In view of the same we are pleased to announce that the Board of Directors had decided to recommend to the General Assembly a cash profit distribution of 11% of the share's nominated value registered in the company's records on the date of General Assembly meeting.

These heartening results do not mean that we will rest on our faurels, instead, as I promised to you all during the last General Assembly, the company will launch and create innovative financing instruments in addition to introducing new products to the Islamic finance markets. These efforts are aimed to satisfy the needs and requirements of all society groups and categories.

Additionally, the company is now ready to launch a property financing service among its new services so as to offer a concrete solution to the housing problems faced by the Kuwaiti society.

We have also finalized the necessary steps for the launch of two schemes for real estate development, both for its operation and capital. These feasible real estate development schemes are offered to our clients - suppliers and merchants and will be introduced, God willing in the first quarter of the year 2000.

The company also sought to diversify the financing instruments and sources of funds by introducing new and innovative credit instruments into the market that will allow the investors to invest their money with assured and greater yields with high degree of safety. This activity of the company was through a scheme "Al - Durar" investment fund which was launched during the last quarter of 1999.

The company introduced new divisions to service other groups of clients. The introduction of "La'ali" services for women and the Elite Services, which specializes in serving the needs of the clite clients among others are some of such schemes. These schemes are tailor made to meet the needs of special groups thereby ensuring that it helps in fulfilling their ambitions and needs.

#### Dear Shareholders,

Your company has great ambitions, thanks to God. These are reflected in the many of our achievements accomplished during the year 1999. One such achievement is the expansion of our company's operations in many overseas markets. These include many Gulf markets. Here it was possible to establish First Finance Company in the state of Qatar in November 1999 in collaboration with both local and Qatari partners. This move undoubtedly is a blessed move, a right one that will take us towards wider horizons in many other Arabian and Islamic markets.

# Dear Shareholders,

Our achievements do not stop within the limits of mere figures and financial statements alone, instead the company has taken upon itself to assume a social role that will serve the society at large. This facet of ours emerges from our belief that the private sector in the country has a role to play in supporting, promoting and developing the society.

The company has donated over half million Kuwaiti Dinar as almsgiving. This amount was routed locally in collaboration with Zakat House for a number charity and humanitarian institutions. Some of the projects that the company has helped include, the "Medication Project" and the "Patients Support Fund." These do not include the almsgiving money that exceeded one quarter million Kuwaiti Dinar given during the year 1999.

In this context, we must give credit to the role of employees of the company in supporting the social and charity efforts through donation on their own initiative. The employees donated their one day salary for the cause of their needy fellow muslims in Kosova and Chechnya. In addition they called upon their friends and acquaintances in other companies and took up the cause through mass media.

The Boards of Directors have great honor and privilege in presenting the fourth annual report of your esteemed company. We would like to mention our deep sense of gratitude and appreciation to the wise leadership of His Highness, The Amir and His Highness, the Crown Prince and Prime Minister

and the government for giving the right impetus to the wheels of progress in our beloved country.

We would also like to mention, with pride the vital role assumed by the Religious Supervisory Authority. The company represented by people of eminence - the Sheiks, scholars, the Executive Management and all its employees. We owe them our profound sense of gratitude for their timely and prompt efforts. It is because of these individuals that the company could achieve its objectives and realize its ambition,

Here it would be pertinent to mention the exhaustive work that was conducted in anticipation of the Millennium problem. The company was successful in providing uninterrupted services with ease and simplicity.

We salute your respected General Assembly. We would like to thank you for your prompt and unflinching support in our performance and operations. We would like to wish everyone lasting dignity and prosperity and hope the coming year will be a year of welfare and blessing. We also hope it will be the beginning of a new era where the company will achieve all its goals.

We hope the supervisory and controlling bodies in the country will ratify economic laws that will encourage investment in the country and usher it on the roads of prosperity. And most importantly we hope there will be more positive ratification by the supervisory bodies for a law allowing the establishing of Islamic banks, which in our opinion will enrich the Islamic investment experience in Kuwait, and make of our country major center for Islamic financial industry in the region and an international destination. We are fully confident that our country is full of men of high caliber and expertise.

Peace be upon you all.

Naser M. Al-Sayer Chairman

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SHARIA SUPERVISORY BOARD'S REPORT

We have reviewed The Investment Dar Company activities during the year ended 31 December 1999, we certify that all activities were practiced in compliance with Islamic Sharia and no violations have occurred, to the best of our knowledge.

Sheikh Ahmad Bazie Al-Yaseen, Chairman

Sheikh Dr. Khaled Mathkour Al-Mathkour

Sheikh Dr. Ajeel Jasem Al-Nashmi

Sheikh Dr. Mohammad Fawzi Faidullah

THE INVESTMENT DAR COMPANY - K.S.C. (CLOSED)
KUWAIT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999





# PRICEWATERHOUSE COPERS [



Masoud Sorkhou & Partners

# AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of The Investment Dar Company K.S.C. (Closed)

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of The Investment Dar Company K.S.C. (Closed), Kuwait as at 31 December 1999 and the related statements of income, changes in Shareholders' equity and cash flow for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We obtained all the information and explanations which we deemed necessary for the purpose of our audit. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 1999, results of operations, changes in Shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Accounting Standards. The financial statements incorporate all information that is required by the Commercial Companies Law and the Company's Articles of Association.

Also, in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept, physical count was duly carried out and the financial information contained in the directors' report agreed with the books of accounts. To the best of our knowledge and belief no violation of the Commercial Companies Law, Law No. 32 of 1968, as amended, concerning currency, the Central Bank of Kuwait and the organisation of banking business, and the Company's Articles of Association having a material effect on the business of the Company or its financial position have occurred during the year ended 31 December 1999.

Bader A. Al-Wazzan Licence No. 62 A

Bader & Co. PricewaterhouseCoopers

Qais M. Al Nisf Licence No. 38A

KPMG Masoud Sorkhou & Partners Member firm of KPMG International

		31 Dec	cember	
	Note	1999	1998	
Assets				
Cash and Cash equivalents	3	6,258,115	2,478,959	
Murabaha investments		11,879,962	6,638,237	
Trade receivables	- 4	94,551,389	76,860,022	
Other debit balances	5	7,091,114	243,936	
Investments in shares in funds	6	2,229,082	2,182,000	
Investment in associates	7	901,603		
Fixed assets	8	576,657	588,983	
Total assets		123,487,922	88,992,137	
Creditors and other credit balances	9			
Liabilities and shareholders' equity Liabilities				
Creditors and other credit balances	(1)		STORY STREET	
Gia V G low		3,210,092		
Murabaha payables	10	3,210,092 86,210,028	2,540,256 53,378,210	
			53,378,210	
Murabaha payables  Total liablities  Shareholders' equity		86,210,028	53,378,210	
Total liablities		86,210,028	53,378,210	
Total liablities Shareholders' equity Share capital	10	86,210,028 89,420,120	53,378,210 55,918,466 22,752,000	
Total liablities Shareholders' equity	10	86,210,028 89,420,120 22,752,000	53,378,210 55,918,466 22,752,000	
Total liablities Shareholders' equity Share capital Statutory reserve Voluntary reserve	10 11 12	86,210,028 89,420,120 22,752,000 6,705,391	53,378,210 55,918,466 22,752,000 6,366,355	
Total liablities Shareholders' equity Share capital Statutory reserve Voluntary reserve	10 11 12	86,210,028 89,420,120 22,752,000 6,705,391 1,177,783	53,378,210 55,918,466 22,752,000 6,366,355 838,747	

The accompanying notes on pages 24 to 34 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Adnan A. Al-Musallem Managing Director & General Manager Naser M. Al-Sayer Chairman

# INCOME STATEMENT (All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars)

		31 Dece	mber
Revenue	NOTE	1999	1998
Income from operations & Company's share in			
profit of customers portfolios		6,575,207	5,009,052
Income from Murabaha investments		459,394	560,904
Portfolio management fees and other income		347,119	266,370
	31	7,381,720	5,836,326
	1 21		
Expenses and other charges		1	100
General and administrative expenses		1.685,763	1,110,037
Provision for doubtful debts		1,810,000	1,500,000
Decline in value of investments		300,000	
Depreciation		195,600	150,957
		3,991,363	2,760,994
Net operating profit		3,390,357	3,075,332
Board of Directors' remuneration	12	(60,000)	(51,000)
Net profit before "KFAS"		3,330,357	3,024,332
Kuwait Foundation for the Advancement of			
Sciences "KFAS"	13	(61,026)	(55,356)
Net profit		3,269,331	2,968,976
Earnings per share (fils)	14	14	14

The accompanying notes on pages 24 to 34 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars)

	Note	Share capital	Statutoy reserve	Voluntary reserve	The state of the s	Total	
Balance as at 1 January 1998	П	15,800,000	531,214	531,214	2,184,659	19,047,087	
Cash increase in capital	11	5,530,000				5,530,000	
Premium (after deducting issuing expenses)			5,527,608			5,527,608	
Net profit					2,968,976	2,968,976	
Reserves	12	7.1	307,533	307,533	(615,066)		
Bonus shares for 1997 (9 fils/share)	.12	1,422,000			(1,422,000)		
Balance as at 31 December 1998		22,752,000	6,366,355	838,747	3,116,569	33,073,671	
Net profit			4	-	3,269,331	3,269,331	
Reserves	12	-	339,036	339,036	(678,072)		
Cash dividends for 1998 (10 fils/share)	12		-		(2,275,200)	(2,275,200)	
Balance as at 31 December 1999		22,752,000	6,705,391	1,177,783	3,432,628	34,067,802	

The accompanying notes on pages 24 to 34 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW (All amounts in Kuwani Dinars)

	31 December		
Note	1999	1998	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash used in operating activities 16	(20,470,316)	(18,429,346)	
Payment for Kuwait Foundation for Advancement of Sciences	(55,356)	(119,731)	
Net cash used in operating activities	(20,525,672)	(18,549,077)	
Cash flows from investing activities		Y	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(183,274)	(144,555)	
Murabaha invetments	(5,241,725)	(446,641)	
Purchase of investments in associates	(901,603)	1	
Payments for purchase of investments in shares & funds	(347,082)	1	
Income received from Murabaha investments	421,894	563,312	
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,251,790)	(27,884)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net proceeds from additional share capital subscription		11,057,608	
Net receipts from Murabaha payables	32,831,818	8,738,157	
Dividends paid	(2,275,200)	1774	
Net cash from financing activities	30,556,618	19,795,765	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	3,779,156	1,218,804	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,478,959	1,260,155	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 3	6,258,115	2,478,959	

The accompanying notes on pages 24 to 34 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)

#### 1. General

The Investment Dar Co. is a Kuwaiti Shareholding Company (Closed) registered in Kuwait in 1994 as per contract No. 8 Vol. 603 dated 22 October 1994 and registered as Investment Company at Central Bank of Kuwait on 27 August 1995.

The Company's shares have been listed in Kuwait Stock Exchange on 27 April 1999. The Company's headquarters is at Ahmed Al-Jaber Street, Sharq, Kuwait.

On 4 April 1999, the Extra-ordinary General Assembly meeting, has changed the Company's purposes to be as follows:

- Mediation and brokerage activities;
- 2. All financial transactions in accordance with Islamic Shariaa and regulations;
- 3. Providing consumers with credit facilities;
- Participating in establishing companies and dealing in purchasing and selling shares of these companies and others;
- Engaging in Stock exchange transactions.
- 6. Managing financial portfolios, investing and developing its customers' funds;
- 7. Investing in real estate, manufacturing, agricultural and other sectors of economy;
- Real estate investments for the purpose of development of residential lands and construction of commercial residential complexes with the intention of sale or rent;
- Carrying out research and studies of capital employment and rendering various related services to others.
- Mobilization of resources for capital lease and syndicated capital lease.
- Investing in capital lease in all types which requires acquisition of all types of assets and lease it out.
- 12. Establishment of investment funds on behalf of the company and the others. Also, promotion of their units for public offering as well as performing investment trustee or investment manager for investment and lease funds in Kuwait and abroad according to the current laws and regulations.
- 13. Investment portfolios management for lease transactions on account for the Company and the others in light of the current laws and regulations.
- 14. Acquisition of patent, trade and industrial marks as well as intellectual property rights for software and books to be used and leased for others.
- 15. Representation of local and foreign companies exercising similar activities for marketing their products and services for achievement of reciprocal interest in light of related Kuwaiti regulations.

All the above mentioned activities should be carried out in compliance with the Noble Islamic Shariaa provision.

The Company's main activity during the year was selling motor vehicles to consumers based on Musawama agreements in addition to investment in Murabaha investments with local Islamic financial institutions and also included management of portfolios on behalf of others.

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)-

# 2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards issued by International Accounting Standards Committee and interpretations issued by Standing Interpretation Committee, under the historical cost convention. The significant accounting policies are shown as follows:

# 2.1. Foreign currencies

#### Transactions and balances

The Company's book are kept in Kuwaiti Dinars. Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities balances denominated in foreign currencies at year end are translated at the rate prevailing at balance sheet date. Resultant gain or loss are taken to the income statement.

# Financial statements translation

Assets and liabilities of associated companies are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the balance sheet. Revenues and expesses items are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the year. Gains and losses resulting from these transactions are directly included in shareholders' equity at the foreign currencies reserve.

# 2.2. Cash & cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent represents cash on hand and banks. Previously, investments in Murabaha due within a period not exceeding three months from the date of placement were considered as cash & cash equivalent. Investment in Murabaha has been reclassified this year for better and more accurate presentation of the financial statements.

#### 2.3. Investments

Murabaha investments are valued at the lower of the cost or net relizable value on an individual basis.

Investment in funds is valued at fair value which is determined based on the fund's net asset value at the balance sheet date.

Long-term investments in unquoted shares are valued at cost which is reduced to recognise a decline other than temporary in value for each investment individually.

Previously, unquoted shares were classified as short term securities, and valued at the lower of cost or fair value on portfolio basis. Also, investments in Murabaha were valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value on an aggregate basis. No differences were resulted from the re-classification and the change in accounting policies. Since the fair value and the net realizable value for such investments were not declined substantially below the book value.

# 2.4. Trade receivables

Trade receivables are carried at anticipated realizable value after deducting the deferred revenue and general and specific provision that were provided against any expected losses.

Specific provision for debtors is taken when the risk of uncollectibility arises for specific customers. The general provision covers the risk of expected doubtful debts which were not identified and may exist in general. Provision are made by reference to the Central Bank of Kuwait instructions.

When a loan is deemed uncollectible, it is written off against the related provision. Subsequent recoveries are credited to the income statement when collected.

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)

# 2.5. Option contracts

The Company is engaged in purchasing goods by using option contracts, whereby the company has the right to exercise the option in full or in part during a specific period. After this period, the title of goods is transferred to the Company unless the option contract is renewed for another periods.

The value of option contracts is recorded in the balance sheet at cost in other debit balances under the item of suppliers - advances payments and the value of these contracts is reduced by the amount of the purchased goods.

# 2.6. Investment in associates

Associates are those companies which the Company has significant influence over the financial, operational and administrative policies but the company does not exercise any direct or indirect control. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method.

Equity accounting requires recognition of the company's share in the associates' results for the year in the income statement. The Company's interest in the associate is carried in the balance sheet at an amount that reflects its share of the net assets of the associate.

# 2.7. Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are shown at the historical costs net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated on the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as shown in note (8).

The recoverable amounts of fixed assets are received by the company at the balance sheet date, and where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are determined by the difference between their carrying amount and sale price.

# 2.8. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

#### 2.9. Employees benefits

The Company is liable under Kuwaiti labour law, to make payments to employees for post-employment benefits through a defined benefit plan. Such payment is made on a lump sum basis at the end of an employee's service.

This liability is unfunded and has been computed as the amount payable as a result of involuntary termination of employees on the balance sheet date. The Company estimates that this method will give a reliable approximation of the value of this obligation in relation to employee's accumulated current and past periods of service.

#### 2.10 Revenue recognition

The Company is financing goods according to Musawama contracts by purchasing these goods and re-selling them to the final buyer with a bargained price after adding a specific return. The profit of Musawama contracts is included in the income statement on time proportion basis. Musawama contracts' profit is not recognised and suspended under other credit balances in the balance sheet when a customer becomes unable to settle his debt. Fees on portfolios management are recognised when earned according to contractual terms. The company's share of portfolios profit is recognised after deduction of portfolios' owners share in the portfolios' profit. Profit on Murabaha investment contracts is recognised on a time proportion basis.

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)

# 2.11 Murabaha Cost

Murabaha cost is allocated over the period of its related agreements. These costs are recognised in the income statement on a time proportion basis.

# 2.12 Operating lease cost

Payments for leased assets under operating lease are charged to the income statement on straight line basis over the lease contract period.

# 2.13 Financial instruments

In the ordinary course of business, the company deals in financial instruments such as cash & cash equivalent, investments, trade receivables and financial liabilities such as creditors. Murabaha payables.

The significant accounting policies in relation to the financial instruments have been disclosed, for each item separately. Note (17) illustrates the nature of these financial instruments and its associated risks.

# 2.14 Comparative figures

Where necessary, comparative figures are reclassified to conform with changes in the current year presentation. In particular, the comparatives have been adjusted or detailed to take into account the requirements of the following revised or new International Accounting Standards which the Company implemented in 1999:

IAS No.	Description	Effective Date
1	Presentation of Financial Statements	July 1, 1998
10	Contingencies and events occuring after the balance sheet date	January 1, 2000
19	Employee benefits	January 1, 1999
37	Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets	July 1, 1999

No substantial effect has been resulted from applying the above standards in the financial statements.

# 2.15 Accounting estimates

Preparing the financial statements in accordance with the International Accounting Standards requires from the management to perform estimates and assumptions which may affect the values of assets and liabilities and contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the amounts of revenues and expenses. The actual results may differ from these estimates.

3.	Cash and Cash Equivalents	As at 31 December		
		1999	1998	
	Cash on hand Current accounts at banks & Financial institutions	19,853 6,238,262	33,770 2,445,189	
		6,258,115	2,478,959	

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)

Previously, investment in Murabaha expiring within 3 months from the Murabaha commencement date was considered as cash equivalent. The effect of change in this accounting policy on the cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 1998 is detailed as follows:

	ocanica as follows.	Current presentation	Previous presentation
	Net cash (used in) from investing activities	(27,884)	418,757
	Cash & cash equivalents	2,478,959	9,117,196
4.	Trade receivables	As a	t 31 December
		199	9 1998
T	Trade receivables Deferred profit	119,033,22 (18,941,832	
ı	Provision for doubtful debts General Specific	100,091,38 (1.146,000 (4,394,000	(206,000)
		94,551,389	76,860,022
5.	Other Debit Balances	As at	31 December
		1999	1998
	Suppliers - advance payments Accrued income on Murabaha investmen Prepaid expenses Other debit balances	6,611,300 58,500 77,74 343,57.	21,000 26,250
		7,091,114	243,936

The balance of suppliers - advance payments represents the advances paid for purchasing goods under purchase option contracts whereby the company has the right for not exercising the contract in part or in full during a specific period.

6.	Investments in Shares and Funds	As at 31 December		
		1999	1998	
	Investment in local shares-unquoted Investment in foreign shares-unquoted Investment in funds	2,080,000 347,082 102,000	2,080,000	
	Decline in investments value	2,529,082 (300,000)	2,182,000	
		2,229,082	2,182,000	
7.	Investments in associates			

During the year, the company has subscribed in 20% of the capital shares of the First Finance Co - Q.S.C. (under incorporation) in Qatar with a total amount of Qatari Riyal 10,800,000 which equivalent to KD, 901,603

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)

# 8. Fixed Assets

Murabaha payables

Deferred cost

			1999			998
Cost	Land	Furniture	Office Equipment	Computer	Total	Total
As at 1 January Additions	356,800	175,536 26,604	31,860 9,703	335,487 146,967	899,683 183,274	755,128 144,555
As at 31 December	356,800	202,140	41,563	482,454	1,082,957	899,683
Accumulated depreciation			7/1/		1	V
As at 1 January Depreciation for the year		101,760 51,600		191,900 134,400	310,700 195,600	159,742 150,958
As at 31 December		153,360	26,640	326,300	506,300	310,700
Net book value				1		14
As at 31 December	356,800	48,780	14,923	156,154	576,657	588,983
Estimated useful lives/year	-	3	3	3	16	
9. Creditors & other cr	edit Balan	ces		As at	31 Decemb	er
				19	99	1998
Trade payables Zakat Special bonus Accrued Expenses				2,200,5 232,7 193,3 102,6 81,0	26 50 20	1,847,357 207,412 112,000 51,130 58,000
Accrued staff leaves End of service benefi Kuwait Foundation fo Board of Directors' re	or Advance		ience	206,0 61,0 60,0 72,8	00 26 00	133,000 55,350 51,000 25,00
Others				3,210,0		2,540,25
10. Murabaha payables				As a	t 31 Decemb	er

The balance for creditors represents Murabaha and Wakala Contracts mature in a priod ranges from 2 to 4 years.

1998

59,494,285

(6,116,075)

53,378,210

1999

96,423,415

(10,213,387)

86,210,028

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)

# 11. Share capital

The company's original authorised capital was KD.15,800,000 divided into 158,000,000 shares with a value of 100 fils each. On 18 April 1998, the annual General Assembly decided to increase the Company's Share Capital by appropriation of 9% bonus shares as well as cash increase by 35 % of its original capital. The authorised, issued and paid up capital became KD. 22,752,000 divided into 227,520,000 shares at a value of 100 fils per share. Also, the statutory reserve has been increased by the amount of the share premium amounting to KD. 5,530,000 net of the issuance expenses which amounted to KD. 2,392.

# 12. Proposed dividend

Proposed dividends are recorded in the financial statements at the date of approval of the Board of Directors proposal for distribution by the General Assembly meeting. Previously, the effect of the proposed appropriation is shown in the financial statement before the General Assembly approval. For applying the International Accounting Standard No. (10). "Events Occurring after the balance sheet date", this policy has been amended and the comparative figures have been restated to conform with the current year presentation.

# Statutory reserve

In accordance with the Commercial Companie's Law and the Company's Articles of Association, 10% of net profit for the year is required to be transferred to statutory reserve. The General Assembly may resolve to discontinue such annual transfer when the reserve balance reaches 50% of the share capital. This reserve is not available for distribution but may be used to secure appropriation of profit to shareholders, up to 5% in such years where the profit of the company do not allow such percentage of appropriation.

#### Voluntary reserve

In accordance with the company's Articles of Association, a specific percentage of net profit for the year proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by the General Assembly is transferred to voluntary reserve. Such annual transfer may be discontinued by resolution at the General Assembly based on director's recommendation.

#### Board of Directors' remuneration

Board of Directors' remuneration is calculated based on net profit for the year net of the share of Kuwait Foundation for Advancement of Science. This remuneration may not exceed 10% of the net profit after appropriation of the statutory reserves and distributing dividends of 5% of paid up capital at least to shareholders.

Board of Directors' remuneration is recorded as an expense in the income statement in the year which is proposed for on an accrual basis.

# Proposed dividends for 1999

The Board of Directors proposed cash dividends of 11 fils per share for 1999.

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)

# 13. Kuwait Foundation for Advancement of Science 'KFAS'

	As at 31 De	As at 31 December	
	1999	1998	
Operating profit Less Statutory Reserve	3,390,357 (339,036)	3,075,332 (307,533)	
% of KFAS	3,051,321	2,767,799 2%	
Earning per share	61,026	55,356	

Earning per share is calculated on the basis of net profit for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, taking into consideration effect of bonus shares issued.

	As at 31 December		
	1999	1998	
Net profit (K.D.)	3,269,331	2,968,976	
Weighted average No. of ordinary shares Outstanding (shares)	227,520,000	211,157,260	
Earning per share (Fils)	14	14	

# 15. Staff cost

14.

Income statement has been charged for staff cost amounted to KD. 1,295,341 (KD.991,582 for the year ended 31 December 1998). The annual average number of employees was 118 during 1999 (104 employees during 1998).

6.	Cash used in operating activities	As at 31 December		
		1999	1998	
	Net profit before KFAS Adjustments:	3,330,357	3,024,332	
	Depreciation Provisions Income from Murabaha Investment	195,600 2,110,000 (459,394)	150,958 1,500,000 (560,904)	
	Operating income before changes in working capital Trade receivables Other debit balances Inventory Creditors and other credit balances	5,176,563 (19,501,367) (6,809,678) 664,166	4,114,386 (23,887,888) 716,908 58,051 569,197	
	Cash used in operating activities	(20,470,316)	(18,429,346)	

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)

#### 17. Financial instruments

Fair value

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. In accordance with the provisions of noble Islamic Sharia, the money time value is not considered in determining the fair value, i.e. the money value of future receipts or disbursements does not change whether received or disbursed at present or in future.

The maturity analysis of the financial assets and liabilities as at 31st December 1999 is as follows:-

Assets	Within 3 months	From 3 months to 1 year	From 1-5 Years	More than 5 years	Total
Cash & Cash equivalent Murabaha investment Trade receivables Investment in shares & fur Investment in associates	6,258,115 11,879,962 11,818,858 ads	20,087,656	62,292,530 2,229,082 901,603	352,345	6,258,115 11,879,962 94,551,389 2,229,082 901,603
	29,956,935	20,087,656	65,423,215	352,345	115,820,151
Liabilities					
Trade Payables Murabaha payables	2,200,508 9,354,821	28,341,270	48,513,937	2	2,200,508 86,210,028
	11,555,329	28,341,270	48,513,937	le i	88,410,536

The maturity analysis of the financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 1998 is as follows:

	thin 3 onths	From 3 months to 1 year	From 1-5 Years	More than 5 years	Total
Investment in Murabaha 6,63	8,959 8,237 7,447	12,616,590 2,182,000	56,357,795	6,108,190	2,478,959 6,638,237 76,860,022 2,182,000
10,89	4,643	14,798,590	56,357,795	6,108,190	88,159,218
Liabilities					
	7,357 3,623	17,278,556	31,306,031	-	1,847,357 53,378,210
6,64	0,980	17,278,556	31,306,031		55,225,567

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)

Risks associated with financial instruments.

# Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Trade debtors represent the significant asset exposed to credit risk. Trade receivables are stated in the balance sheet net of deferred profit. The maximum credit risk exposure represented in trade receivables amounted to KD.94,551,389 as at 31 December 1999 (KD.76,860,022 as at 31 December 1998). The Company believes that the trade receivables balance is distributed among a large number of debtors which decrease the credit risk.

# Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. There is no currency risk since the Company's activities are concentrated in the Kuwait market and most of its transactions are determined in Kuwaiti Dinar. The balance of investments in associates and investments in foreign unquoted shares represent the significant assets subject to currency risk. These investments amounted to KD 1,248,685 as at 31 December 1999 (nil as at 31 December 1998). The Company is tracking the exchange rates to mitigate this risk.

# Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments.

The Company's management mitigate these risks by dealing with reputed counter parties, applying appropriate terms for credit facilities, diversifying its investments and matching the maturities of financial assets against financial liabilities.

#### 18. Geographical distribution of assets and liabilities

	Assets As at 31 December		Liabilities As at 31 December		
	1999	1998	1999	1999	
Kuwait Gulf Co-operation Council U.S.A.	122,239,237 1,217,042 31,643	88,992,137	89,420,120	55,918,466	
	123,487,922	88,992,137	89,420,120	55,918,466	

# 19. Related parties

Related parties are shareholders who have representation in the Board of Directors, members of the Board of Directors, senior management, and their close members of family. In the normal course of business, there were transactions with related parties during the year ended at 31 December 1999 represented in purchase of motor vehicles for resale amounting to KD. 29,787,177 (KD.23,743,156 as at 31 December 1998). The related parties outstanding balances in the balance sheet were as follows:

	As at 31 Do	As at 31 December	
	1999	1998	
Trade payables	145,761	881,385	
Suppliers - Advance payment	2,455,736	108,000	

(All amounts in Kuwaiti Dinars unless otherwise stated)

The company also manages portfolios on behalf of a related party. Gross assets of these portfolios amounted to KD, 8,934,922 as at 31 December 1999 (KD,11,532,268 as at 31 December 1998 which is included under off - balance sheet items).

All related parties transactions are subject to the approval of the General Assembly of Shareholders.

In addition, the Board of Directors' remuneration paid during the year amounted to KD, 51,000 (KD, 49,000 for the year ended 31 December 1998).

#### Off balance sheet items

The Company manages portfolios on behalf of others, which are not included in the balance sheet. The total value of the managed portfolios on behalf of others as at 31 December 1999 amounted to KD, 12,254,640 (KD, 12,707,208 as at 31 December 1998).

# 21. Year 2000 Issue

Systems and applications critical to the Company's operations and financial information are being reviewed to establish the impact of year 2000 on the accuracy of the accounting transactions and reports. Plans are being developed by the company to face this issue. The Company's management is aware that even if the company verifies and tests all its systems and applications, it may still be affected by the state of readiness of its vendors and third party service provides from year 2000 issue. During the year the company has incurred expenditures related to the specific arrangements for this issue amounted to KD. 25,000. The company has adopted an estimated budget of KD 155,000 to replace some systems through one year to develop the current systems.